

Oklahoma State University



Report Sections

About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning Learning Strategies Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

Overview (p. 3)	Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.
Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)	Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:
	Mean Comparisons Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).
	Score Distributions Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores <i>within</i> your institution and comparison groups.
	Performance on Indicator Items Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.
Comparisons with High- Performing Institutions (p. 15)	Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2017 and 2018 participating institutions.
Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)	Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how EI scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015, May). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum, Denver, CO.



Overview

Oklahoma State University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

-- No significant difference.

V Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.

Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

rst-Year Students		Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
	Higher-Order Learning	∇	∇	∇
Academic Challenge	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇	∇	∇
	Learning Strategies			∇
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			∇
Campus	Quality of Interactions			

Environment Supportive Environment

niors		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
	Higher-Order Learning	∇	∇	
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	V	V	V
Challenge	Learning Strategies	V	V	V
	Quantitative Reasoning		V	Ý
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇		
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			∇
Campus	Quality of Interactions			
Environment	Supportive Environment			



Academic Challenge

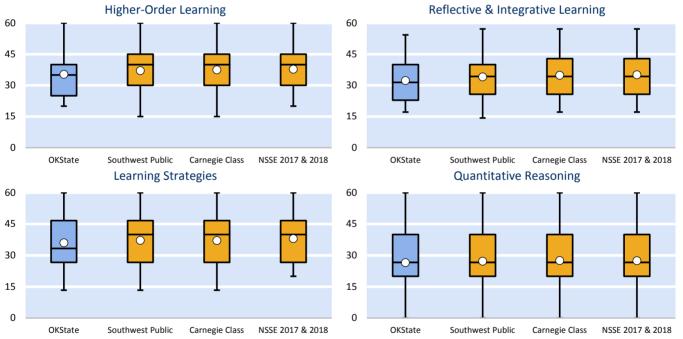
Oklahoma State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies,* and *Quantitative Reasoning.* Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons		Your first-year students compared with					
	OKState	OKState Southwest Publ				7 & 2018 Effect	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean	size	Mean	size	
Higher-Order Learning	35.3	37.1 *13	37.5 **	17	37.8 ***	19	
Reflective & Integrative Learning	32.3	34.1 **15	34.8 ***	21	35.1 ***	23	
Learning Strategies	36.0	37.208	37.1	08	38.1 **	15	
Quantitative Reasoning	26.6	27.204	27.6	07	27.5	06	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

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Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Oklahoma State University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	Percentage point difference ^a between you	
Higher-Order Learning	OKState	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	65	-3	-6	-6
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	61	-5	-7	-8
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	62	-5	-5	-7
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	59	-8	-8	-9
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	47	-2	-5	-4
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	43	-3	-7	-8
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	44	-3	-6	-7
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	57	-5	-6	-6
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	64	-6	-6	-6
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	59	-6	-6	-7
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	68	-6	-8	-9
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	69	-3	-4	-7
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	64	-1	+1	-1
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	56	-5	-4	-7
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	51	-1	-1	-1
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	33	-5	-5	-5
$_{6c.}$ Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	36	-1	-3	-2

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



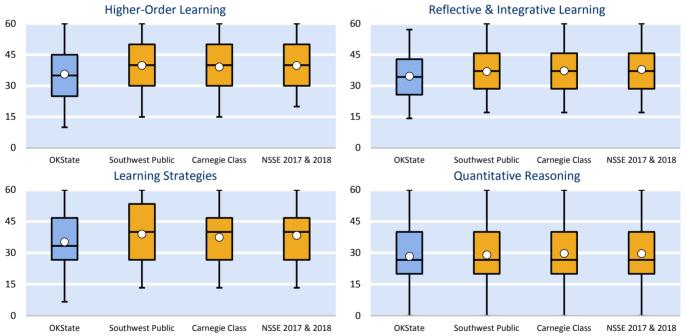
Academic Challenge Oklahoma State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies, and Quantitative Reasoning. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Viean Comparisons				
	OKState	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Higher-Order Learning	35.7	39.8 ***29	39.1 ***25	39.8 ***30
Reflective & Integrative Learning	34.6	36.8 ***17	37.2 ***21	37.9 ***26
Learning Strategies	35.2	38.9 ***25	37.4 ***16	38.3 ***22
Quantitative Reasoning	28.4	29.004	29.7 *08	29.6 *08

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).



Score Distributions

Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Oklahoma State University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	nt difference ^a between y	our seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	OKState	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized				
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	% 73	-4	-5	-5
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	65	-9	-8	-10
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	59	-10	-7	-11
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	58	-13	-11	-13
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	67	+1	-2	-2
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	48	-9	-10	-12
Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	37	-10	-11	-15
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	57	-7	-7	-9
Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	69	-3	-2	-4
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	65	-4	-4	-5
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	79	-2	-3	-4
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	69	-9	-8	-10
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	58	-7	-1	-3
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	54	-10	-7	-9
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
 Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.) 	58	+3	+2	+3
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	37	-6	-7	-7
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	39	-3	-5	-5

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Learning with Peers

Oklahoma State University

Learning with Peers: First-year students

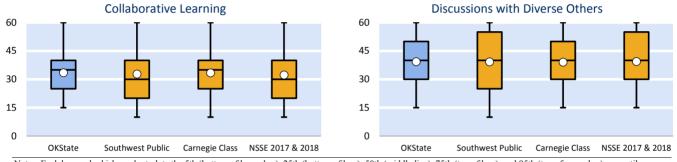
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

		Your first-year students compared with					
	OKState	Southwest Public		Carnegie Class		NSSE 2017 & 2018	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	33.5	32.8	.05	33.4	.01	32.3	.08
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.3	39.2	.01	39.1	.01	39.4	01

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage poin	Percentage point difference ^a between your		
		Southwest		NSSE 2017 &	
Collaborative Learning	OKState	Public	Carnegie Class	2018	
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%				
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	59	+4	+2	+6	
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	64	+6	+4	+6	
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	55	+5	+3	+5	
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	54	-1	-2	-0	
Discussions with Diverse Others					
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with					
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	63	-7	-5	-7	
3b. People from an economic background other than your own	73	+3	+2	+2	
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	68	+2	+3	+2	
3d. People with political views other than your own	70	+6	+5	+5	

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Learning with Peers

Oklahoma State University

Learning with Peers: Seniors

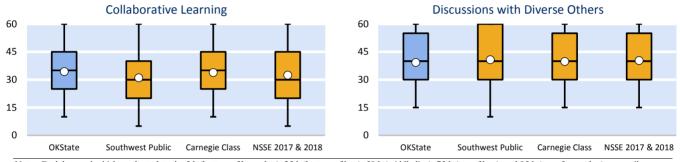
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons

		Your seniors compared with				
	OKState Southwest Public		Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018		
		Effect	Effect	Effect		
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size		
Collaborative Learning	34.4	31.1 *** .21	33.9 .04	32.5 *** .13		
Discussions with Diverse Others	39.3	40.8 *08	39.803	40.306		

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage poir	nt difference ^a between y	our seniors and
		Southwest		NSSE 2017 &
Collaborative Learning	OKState Public Carnegie Class 201 % -1 +3 -1 +2 52 +7 +2 +4 +4 70 +11 +4 +6 -1 +2 66 -7 -3 -2 -2 -2 -2	2018		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	46	+5	-1	+3
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	61	+6	-1	+2
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	52	+7	+2	+4
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	70	+11	+4	+6
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	66	-7	-3	-6
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	71	-2	-2	-2
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	63	-6	-3	-5
8d. People with political views other than your own	70	+2	+4	+4

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Experiences with Faculty

Oklahoma State University

Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

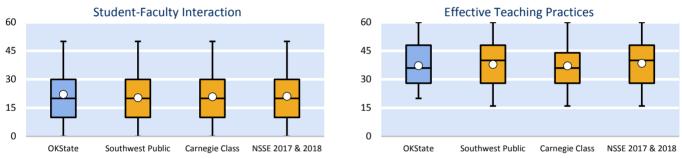
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

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Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year studer	nts compared v	vith	
	OKState	Southw	est Public	Carne	gie Class	NSSE 20	17 & 2018
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	22.1	20.3 *	.12	20.8	.09	21.1	.07
Effective Teaching Practices	37.2	37.8	05	37.1	.01	38.5 *	10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage p	ooint difference ^a bet	ween your FY students and
		Southwest	NSSE 2017 &	
Student-Faculty Interaction	OKState	Public	Carnegie C	lass 2018
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	38	+3	+2	+2
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	23	+2	+3	+3
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	25	+1	+0	-1
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30	+2	+1	-0
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	74	-2	(·	-1 -3
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	72	-1		-1 -3
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	74	+1	+1	-0
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	60	-0	+1	-4
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	52	-5		-3 -8

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Experiences with Faculty Oklahoma State University

Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

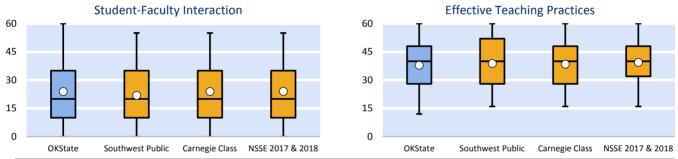
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: Student-Faculty Interaction and Effective Teaching Practices. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	1
	OKState	Southwest Public	Carnegie Class	NSSE 2017 & 2018
		Effect	Effect	Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	23.9	21.8 *** .13	23.9 .00	23.9 .00
Effective Teaching Practices	37.8	38.806	38.404	39.4 **11

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, **p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Performance on Indicator Items

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		Percentage p	oint difference ^a between	your seniors and
		Southwest		NSSE 2017 &
Student-Faculty Interaction	OKState	Public	Carnegie Class	2018
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	42	+3	-1	-2
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	29	+4	+1	+2
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	33	+4	+1	+0
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	30	-1	-3	-4
Effective Teaching Practices			•	
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	77	-2	-1	-3
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	+2	+2	+0
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	77	+2	+1	+0
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	54	-3	-2	-6
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	57	-4	-3	-7

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Campus Environment

Oklahoma State University

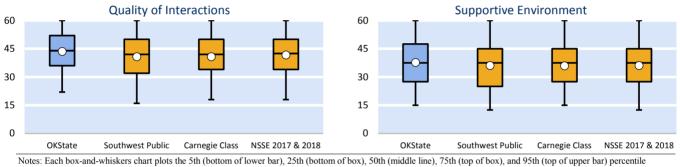
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your first-year students of	compared w	vith	
	OKState	Southwest Publi			NSSE 201	
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Effect Mean size	Mean	Effect size	Mean	Effect size
Quality of Interactions	43.6	40.8 *** .21	40.8 ***	.23	41.7 **	.15
Supportive Environment	37.7	36.1 * .11	35.9 *	.13	36.1 *	.12

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percent scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your FY students and				
		Southwest		NSSE 2017 &		
Quality of Interactions	OKState	Public	Carnegie Class	2018		
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $l="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$) with	%					
13a. Students	54	+7	+6	+4		
13b. Academic advisors	61	+14	+14	+11		
13c. Faculty	47	+2	+3	-1		
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	47	+4	+5	+4		
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	41	-0	+2	-1		
Supportive Environment						
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized						
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	77	+3	+2	+1		
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	82	+5	+5	+6		
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	59	-2	-0	-3		
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	78	+7	+7	+7		
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	75	+6	+5	+6		
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	44	+1	+3	+2		
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	73	+9	+9	+10		
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	50	+2	+0	-1		
Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significant	ce tests. Item nun	bering corresponds	to the survey facsimile in	cluded in your		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.



Campus Environment

Oklahoma State University

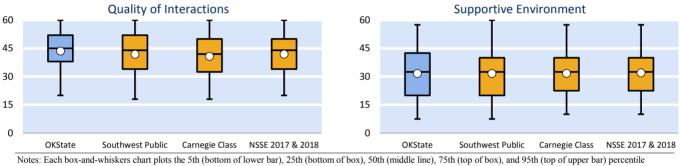
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
	OKState	Southwest Public Effect	Carnegie Class Effect	NSSE 2017 & 2018 Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Quality of Interactions	43.6	41.8 *** .13	40.8 *** .23	42.0 *** .13
Supportive Environment	31.7	31.6 .00	31.7 .00	32.002

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point difference ^a between your seniors and				
		Southwest		NSSE 2017 &		
Quality of Interactions	OKState	Public	Carnegie Class	2018		
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from $1="Poor"$ to $7="Excellent"$) with	%					
13a. Students	59	+4	+5	+4		
13b. Academic advisors	59	+9	+13	+9		
13c. Faculty	56	+2	+4	+1		
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	45	+3	+7	+4		
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	45	+2	+8	+4		
Supportive Environment		1				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized						
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	72	+4	+4	+2		
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	66	+1	+2	+0		
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	48	-8	-4	-7		
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	64	+2	-0	+1		
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	+7	+4	+5		
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	28	-4	-1	-3		
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	58	+7	+5	+6		
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	35	-4	-6	-7		

Notes: Refer to your *Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons* report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your *Institutional Report* and available on the NSSE website.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Oklahoma State University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see **nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm**), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

(a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions, and

(b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2017 and 2018 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable^b to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

First-Year	Students		Your first-year students compared with						
		OKState	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE Top 10%				
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size √			
	Higher-Order Learning	35.3	38.9 ***	28	40.5 ***	39			
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	32.3	36.5 ***	35	38.1 ***	48			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.0	39.5 ***	25	41.6 ***	40			
	Quantitative Reasoning	26.6	28.7 **	14	30.4 ***	25			
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.5	35.1 **	12	37.2 ***	28			
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.3	41.4 **	14	43.4 ***	28			
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	22.1	24.3 **	15	27.2 ***	33			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	37.2	40.3 ***	24	42.0 ***	35			
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.6	43.9	03 🗸	45.9 ***	19			
Environment	Supportive Environment	37.7	37.9	02 🗸	39.7 **	15			

Seniors				Your seniors co	mpared with		
		OKState	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%	
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size √	Mean	Effect size	\checkmark
	Higher-Order Learning	35.7	41.3 ***	42	42.5 ***	50	
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	34.6	39.6 ***	40	41.1 ***	53	
Challenge	Learning Strategies	35.2	40.2 ***	35	42.3 ***	50	
	Quantitative Reasoning	28.4	30.7 ***	15	32.7 ***	27	
Learning	Collaborative Learning	34.4	35.7 **	09	38.1 ***	27	
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	39.3	41.9 ***	17	43.8 ***	29	
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	23.9	29.2 ***	34	33.3 ***	58	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	37.8	41.1 ***	24	43.1 ***	38	
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.6	44.4	07 🗸	46.5 ***	24	
Environment	Supportive Environment	31.7	34.3 ***	19	36.4 ***	34	

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2017 and 2018 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Oklahoma State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mea	in statist	rics	Percentile ^d scores			Comparison results					
-	incu	in statist			T CTCC	intine bet	5105		Deg. of	Mean	results	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning												
OKState $(N = 391)$	35.3	12.8	.65	20	25	35	40	60				
Southwest Public	37.1	13.6	.14	15	30	40	45	60	10,041	-1.8	.013	129
Carnegie Class	37.5	13.1	.10	15	30	40	45	60	17,133	-2.2	.001	166
NSSE 2017 & 2018	37.8	13.2	.04	20	30	40	45	60	119,178	-2.5	.000	191
Top 50%	38.9	13.1	.05	20	30	40	50	60	71,054	-3.6	.000	277
Top 10%	40.5	13.3	.10	20	30	40	50	60	17,181	-5.2	.000	389
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
OKState ($N = 426$)	32.3	10.9	.53	17	23	31	40	54				
Southwest Public	34.1	12.2	.12	14	26	34	40	57	470	-1.8	.001	147
Carnegie Class	34.8	11.9	.09	17	26	34	43	57	449	-2.5	.000	210
NSSE 2017 & 2018	35.1	11.9	.03	17	26	34	43	57	428	-2.7	.000	229
Top 50%	36.5	11.8	.05	17	29	37	43	57	431	-4.1	.000	348
Top 10%	38.1	12.0	.10	20	29	37	46	60	456	-5.7	.000	477
Learning Strategies												
OKState $(N = 356)$	36.0	14.4	.76	13	27	33	47	60				
Southwest Public	37.2	14.0	.15	13	27	40	47	60	9,190	-1.2	.116	085
Carnegie Class	37.1	13.7	.11	13	27	40	47	60	15,647	-1.1	.127	082
NSSE 2017 & 2018	38.1	13.7	.04	20	27	40	47	60	108,698	-2.0	.005	148
Top 50%	39.5	13.7	.06	20	27	40	53	60	359	-3.5	.000	255
Top 10%	41.6	14.1	.12	20	33	40	53	60	14,167	-5.6	.000	397
Quantitative Reasoning												
OKState $(N = 368)$	26.6	14.9	.78	0	20	27	40	60				
Southwest Public	27.2	15.6	.16	0	20	27	40	60	9,691	7	.418	043
Carnegie Class	27.6	15.1	.12	0	20	27	40	60	16,662	-1.0	.205	067
NSSE 2017 & 2018	27.5	15.3	.04	0	20	27	40	60	116,385	9	.255	059
Top 50%	28.7	15.2	.06	0	20	27	40	60	75,101	-2.1	.008	138
Top 10%	30.4	15.3	.11	7	20	27	40	60	18,634	-3.8	.000	250
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
OKState $(N = 468)$	33.5	13.7	.63	15	25	35	40	60				
Southwest Public	32.8	14.4	.14	10	20	30	40	60	11,438	.7	.335	.046
Carnegie Class	33.4	14.0	.10	10	25	35	40	60	19,301	.1	.914	.005
NSSE 2017 & 2018	32.3	14.4	.04	10	20	30	40	60	132,163	1.2	.079	.081
Top 50%	35.1	13.6	.05	15	25	35	45	60	77,986	-1.7	.008	123
Top 10%	37.2	13.6	.10	15	25	40	45	60	17,883	-3.8	.000	278
Discussions with Diverse Others	5											
OKState ($N = 366$)	39.3	15.4	.80	15	30	40	50	60				
Southwest Public	39.2	16.5	.17	10	25	40	55	60	401	.1	.902	.006
Carnegie Class	39.1	15.4	.12	15	30	40	50	60	15,810	.2	.800	.013
NSSE 2017 & 2018	39.4	15.5	.05	15	30	40	55	60	109,628	1	.906	006
Top 50%	41.4	15.0	.06	15	30	40	55	60	71,398	-2.1	.007	141
Top 10%	43.4	14.8	.12	20	35	45	60	60	16,219	-4.1	.000	280



Detailed Statistics^a Oklahoma State University

Detailed Statistics: First-Year Students

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
		SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th		Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
	Mean							95th				
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
OKState $(N = 408)$	22.1	14.3	.71	0	10	20	30	50				
Southwest Public	20.3	14.8	.15	0	10	20	30	50	10,337	1.8	.019	.11
Carnegie Class	20.8	14.4	.11	0	10	20	30	50	17,555	1.3	.082	.08
NSSE 2017 & 2018	21.1	14.6	.04	0	10	20	30	50	121,789	1.0	.165	.06
Top 50%	24.3	14.8	.07	5	15	20	35	55	44,260	-2.2	.003	14
Top 10%	27.2	15.8	.18	5	15	25	40	60	463	-5.1	.000	32
Effective Teaching Practices												
OKState $(N = 390)$	37.2	12.9	.65	20	28	36	48	60				
Southwest Public	37.8	13.6	.14	16	28	40	48	60	10,018	7	.339	04
Carnegie Class	37.1	12.9	.10	16	28	36	44	60	17,145	.1	.898	.00
NSSE 2017 & 2018	38.5	13.1	.04	16	28	40	48	60	119,448	-1.3	.049	10
Top 50%	40.3	13.1	.06	20	32	40	52	60	52,637	-3.1	.000	23
Top 10%	42.0	13.7	.12	20	32	40	52	60	13,937	-4.8	.000	35
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
OKState $(N = 340)$	43.6	11.2	.61	22	36	44	52	60				
Southwest Public	40.8	13.2	.15	16	32	42	50	60	379	2.8	.000	.21
Carnegie Class	40.8	12.2	.10	18	34	42	50	60	359	2.8	.000	.22
NSSE 2017 & 2018	41.7	12.5	.04	18	34	43	50	60	342	1.9	.002	.15
Top 50%	43.9	11.6	.06	22	38	46	52	60	42,440	3	.630	02
Top 10%	45.9	12.1	.13	22	40	48	56	60	9,535	-2.3	.001	19
Supportive Environment												
OKState ($N = 329$)	37.7	13.5	.75	15	28	38	48	60				
Southwest Public	36.1	14.0	.15	13	25	38	45	60	8,787	1.6	.041	.11
Carnegie Class	35.9	13.3	.11	15	28	38	45	60	14,922	1.8	.017	.13
NSSE 2017 & 2018	36.1	13.6	.04	13	28	38	45	60	103,292	1.6	.032	.11
Top 50%	37.9	13.2	.06	15	30	40	48	60	55,691	3	.712	02
Top 10%	39.7	13.1	.11	18	30	40	50	60	13,700	-2.0	.006	15

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the *t*-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Oklahoma State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
									Deg. of	Mean	,	Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Academic Challenge												
Higher-Order Learning	25.7	14.0	40	10	25	25	45	60				
OKState $(N = 813)$	35.7	14.0	.49	10	25	35	45	60	10.000	4.1	000	201
Southwest Public	39.8	14.1	.10	15	30	40	50	60	19,806	-4.1	.000	291
Carnegie Class	39.1	13.7	.08	15	30	40	50	60	27,552	-3.4	.000	250
NSSE 2017 & 2018	39.8	13.7	.03	20	30	40	50	60	819	-4.2	.000	305
Top 50%	41.3	13.5	.05	20	35	40	55	60	91,313	-5.6	.000	416
Top 10%	42.5	13.7	.08	20	35	40	55	60	27,996	-6.8	.000	495
Reflective & Integrative Learn	ing											
OKState ($N = 868$)	34.6	12.7	.43	14	26	34	43	57				
Southwest Public	36.8	12.7	.09	17	29	37	46	60	20,824	-2.2	.000	173
Carnegie Class	37.2	12.5	.07	17	29	37	46	60	28,875	-2.6	.000	208
NSSE 2017 & 2018	37.9	12.4	.03	17	29	37	46	60	201,294	-3.2	.000	258
Top 50%	39.6	12.2	.04	20	31	40	49	60	89,162	-4.9	.000	403
Top 10%	41.1	12.2	.09	20	33	40	51	60	19,646	-6.5	.000	530
Learning Strategies												
OKState $(N = 760)$	35.2	15.1	.55	7	27	33	47	60				
Southwest Public	38.9	14.7	.11	13	27	40	53	60	18,544	-3.7	.000	254
Carnegie Class	37.4	14.5	.09	13	27	40	47	60	25,554	-2.3	.000	155
NSSE 2017 & 2018	38.3	14.5	.03	13	27	40	47	60	178,999	-3.2	.000	218
Top 50%	40.2	14.4	.05	20	33	40	53	60	770	-5.0	.000	350
Top 10%	42.3	14.2	.09	20	33	40	53	60	26,584	-7.2	.000	505
Quantitative Reasoning												
OKState $(N = 777)$	28.4	15.4	.55	0	20	27	40	60				
Southwest Public	29.0	16.2	.12	0	20	27	40	60	850	7	.242	041
Carnegie Class	29.7	16.1	.10	0	20	27	40	60	827	-1.3	.018	083
NSSE 2017 & 2018	29.6	16.1	.04	0	20	27	40	60	783	-1.3	.022	078
Top 50%	30.7	16.0	.05	0	20	33	40	60	786	-2.3	.000	146
Top 10%	32.7	15.7	.10	7	20	33	40	60	27,783	-4.3	.000	274
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
OKState (N = 910)	34.4	14.8	.49	10	25	35	45	60				
Southwest Public	31.1	15.9	.11	5	20	30	40	60	1,004	3.3	.000	.211
Carnegie Class	33.9	14.6	.09	10	25	35	45	60	29,895	.5	.297	.035
NSSE 2017 & 2018	32.5	15.0	.03	5	20	30	45	60	207,097	1.9	.000	.128
Top 50%	35.7	13.8	.04	15	25	35	45	60	922	-1.3	.009	093
Top 10%	38.1	13.5	.10	15	30	40	50	60	982	-3.7	.000	272
Discussions with Diverse Othe	rc											
OKState (N = 767)	39.3	15.7	.57	15	30	40	55	60				
Southwest Public	40.8	17.0	.13	10	30	40	60	60	845	-1.4	.015	084
Carnegie Class	39.8	15.8	.10	15	30	40	55	60	25,701	5	.393	031
NSSE 2017 & 2018	40.3	15.8	.04	15	30	40	55	60	179,964	-1.0	.092	061
Top 50%	41.9	15.6	.04	15	30	40	60	60	126,291	-2.6	.000	166
Top 10%	43.8	15.5	.09	20	35	45	60	60	30,973	-4.5	.000	288
*												



Detailed Statistics^a Oklahoma State University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mean statistics				Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ^g
xperiences with Faculty									-			
Student-Faculty Interaction												
OKState $(N = 835)$	23.9	16.3	.56	0	10	20	35	60				
Southwest Public	21.8	16.2	.12	0	10	20	35	55	20,222	2.1	.000	.130
Carnegie Class	23.9	15.7	.10	0	10	20	35	55	28,076	.0	.999	.000
NSSE 2017 & 2018	23.9	15.9	.04	0	10	20	35	55	196,303	.0	.982	001
Top 50%	29.2	15.8	.07	5	20	30	40	60	50,833	-5.3	.000	335
Top 10%	33.3	16.1	.20	10	20	35	45	60	7,184	-9.4	.000	580
Effective Teaching Practices												
OKState $(N = 801)$	37.8	14.2	.50	12	28	40	48	60				
Southwest Public	38.8	14.3	.10	16	28	40	52	60	19,805	9	.074	064
Carnegie Class	38.4	13.6	.08	16	28	40	48	60	845	6	.272	04
NSSE 2017 & 2018	39.4	13.7	.03	16	32	40	48	60	193,821	-1.5	.002	112
Top 50%	41.1	13.6	.05	16	32	40	52	60	79,220	-3.3	.000	243
Top 10%	43.1	13.7	.11	20	36	44	56	60	16,851	-5.3	.000	383
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
OKState $(N = 730)$	43.6	11.8	.44	20	38	45	52	60				
Southwest Public	41.8	13.0	.10	18	34	44	52	60	810	1.7	.000	.134
Carnegie Class	40.8	12.2	.08	18	33	42	50	60	24,056	2.8	.000	.229
NSSE 2017 & 2018	42.0	12.3	.03	20	34	44	50	60	736	1.6	.000	.13
Top 50%	44.4	11.9	.05	22	38	46	54	60	64,817	8	.059	07
Top 10%	46.5	12.3	.09	22	40	50	58	60	17,964	-2.9	.000	24
Supportive Environment												
OKState $(N = 742)$	31.7	14.7	.54	8	20	33	43	58				
Southwest Public	31.6	14.6	.11	8	20	33	40	60	17,953	.0	.931	.00.
Carnegie Class	31.7	13.8	.09	10	23	33	40	58	782	.0	.957	002
NSSE 2017 & 2018	32.0	14.1	.03	10	23	33	40	58	172,500	3	.517	024
Top 50%	34.3	13.7	.05	13	25	35	43	60	753	-2.6	.000	189
Top 10%	36.4	13.7	.11	13	28	38	45	60	802	-4.7	.000	340

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean +/- 1.96 x SEM)

is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the *t*-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.